

CLASHING BATTLE LINE CONTINUES WITH RESULTS FAVORABLE TO ALLIES

GREATEST OF ALL VIRGINIA FAIRS OPENS TO-MORROW

Preparations Are Completed This Year One Day Ahead of Time.

FARM EXHIBITS LARGER THAN EVER

Entries in Poultry, Cattle, Horse and Farm Produce Departments Exceed Former Years.

MANAGER WARWICK PLEASED

Grounds in First-Class Order, and Everything Ready for Coming of Visitors.

As if with the magic of another Aladdin's lamp, the Virginia State Fair Grounds have sprung into active being, and the spaces so lately filled with haunting silences are spread to-day with a vast panorama of human activities. White-topped tents, roared in a high cover all the grounds, and everywhere are lying in trim array the exhibits of Virginia industries. And, in spite of the present financial stress which the country is undergoing, it is confidently believed and predicted by the members of the directorate and the active officials that the fair will be the greatest and most successful in the history of the State. Even yesterday there was noted a greater degree of preparedness than was experienced just one day before the fair opened last year. The majority of the agricultural exhibits are now in place, and the stalls for the cattle and horses are being filled with greater rapidity than ever before. The tented shows will be up in position to-night. Practically all the display and luncheon booths were up yesterday, and several old business.

FEAR RUSSIAN INVASION

Latest Reports from Vienna Show People Are Seriously Alarmed.

VENICE (via Paris), October 3.—Latest reports from Vienna show the population is seriously alarmed over the possibility of a Russian invasion. Official notices have announced the closing of many favorite Sunday excursions from Vienna into the surrounding forest because the highest points are fortified. That has produced much uneasiness.

THIS IS PEACE SUNDAY

Prayers in Churches of All Creeds That Great War Soon May End.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—A prayer that the great war in Europe may soon come to an end will be offered to-morrow in churches of all creeds in the capital and throughout the nation. Protestant, Catholic and Jewish churches will observe the day by holding a service by formal proclamation as Peace Sunday.

AUTO STRUCK BY TRAIN

Four Persons Killed, and Fifth is Probably Fatally Injured.

ELKTON, Md., October 3.—Four persons were killed and a fifth probably fatally injured when their automobile was struck by a train here to-night. The dead are Mrs. Tillie A. Harlam, her daughter, Helen, eight, and son, Theodore, nine years old, and Lizzie Shure, a domestic.

GIFT OF \$500,000 TO FUND

Princeton Woman Aids Construction of New Cathedral at Washington.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—A gift of \$500,000 to the building fund of the Episcopal Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul at Mt. St. Albans by Mrs. Archibald D. Russell, of Princeton, N. J., was announced here to-night. The money will be used in the construction of the sanctuary of the cathedral, which will be visible from Washington.

TO MAKE PEACE ADDRESSES

Secretary of State Bryan Will Be in New York To-Day.

YONKERS, N. Y., October 3.—Secretary of State Bryan and Mrs. Bryan arrived here to-day from Washington. The secretary to-morrow will make two peace addresses in New York City in the Free Synagogue in the morning, and at the New York Peace Society's meeting at the Broadway Tabernacle in the evening.

10:70-ATLANTA AND RETURN-10:70 Southern Railway, October 4, 5. First class. Inquire 937 East Main St. Phone Madison 374.

(Continued On Tenth Page)

ORDER PREVAILS IN BERLIN

Americans Asked to Deny Stories Appearing in French Press.

BERLIN, October 3 (via The Hague and London, October 3, 10:05 P. M.).—The American Breakfast Club assembled to-day for the first time since the outbreak of the war. The meeting was attended by 150 persons, including the personnel of the American embassy and consulate and leading American business men.

CAMPBELL WILL CONTESTED

Children of Multimillionaire's Brother Bring Action.

ST. LOUIS, MO., October 3.—A suit to break the will of James Campbell, multimillionaire railroad promoter, whose estate was estimated at \$4,000,000, was filed here to-day by children of John P. Campbell, of West Virginia, a brother.

HOPE MEXICAN FACTIONS WILL REACH AGREEMENT

Administration Officials Look for Peaceful Settlement at Aguascalientes Conference.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—Administration officials here are hopeful that the Carranza-Villa factions will reach agreement at the Aguascalientes conference.

SITUATION MUCH IMPROVED

Re-Establishment of Friendly Relations Between Carranza and Villa Expected to Follow Gathering on Monday.

Carranza Resigns; Not Yet Accepted

MEXICO CITY, October 3.—General Venustiano Carranza placed his resignation as first chief of the Constitutionalists before delegates to the general conference of Southern chiefs shortly before 8 o'clock to-night.

THE NINTH GERMAN INFANTRY RESTING BY THE WAYSIDE ON THE RETREAT FROM PARIS

Richmond Bank to Open Latter Part of October

Class "C" Directors Confer With Federal Reserve Board Concerning Organization.

MEETING SOON IN THIS CITY

Necessity of Early Selection of Quarters Is Emphasized—Institutions in New York, Chicago and St. Louis First to Start Operations.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—Opening of Federal reserve banks of New York, Chicago and St. Louis not later than October 15 has been decided on by the Federal Reserve Board. The directors of New York and St. Louis banks already are complete, and the class "C" directors to represent the government in the Chicago bank probably will be named on Monday, making immediate organization possible.

In addition to those for Chicago, class "C" directors for four other reserve cities are yet to be chosen. All of them will be announced before the end of next week.

Boston probably will be the fourth city to get its reserve bank in operation, and the others are expected to follow along in quick succession. As in the case of the three agreed to first, directors will not wait for permanent staffs and buildings. Temporary quarters will be arranged for and safe deposit boxes rented for securities.

Early next week the reserve board expects to send to the banks now ready for organization a draft to the by-laws which they will be asked to adopt. It has been decided that the chief officer of each bank shall be called "governor." The other particular officers probably will be a vice-governor and a secretary or cashier.

Class "C" directors of the Richmond bank, William Ingle, of Baltimore, James A. Moncreur, of Richmond, and J. H. F. Gouverneur, of Wilmington, N. C., to-day conferred with the Federal Reserve Board concerning matters of organization. The directors told the board they believed the Richmond bank could be organized by the latter part of October, and emphasized the necessity of an early selection of quarters.

The board advised a meeting of the directors at Richmond for the purpose of electing the Fifth District member of the Federal advisory council, and proceeded with arrangements for the selection of a site for the bank. When this has been accomplished, it was suggested that the directors again meet with the board to discuss further questions of organization.

Democratic Members of Committee Disregard Protests of Bankers.

Consideration of Measure Expected to Be Finished on Monday. Amount of Revenue Derived Will Be Approximately \$110,000,000.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—Retention, despite general and various protests from makers of the proposed tax of \$2 a thousand on bank capital and surplus, and elimination of the proposed taxes on straight and industrial life insurance were determined upon by Democratic members of the Senate Finance Committee to-day in their deliberation of the war revenue bill which passed the House.

The committee determined to disregard the protests of bankers against the bank capital tax, believing it necessary and a better tax than the substitute tax on checks, drafts and other negotiable paper recommended by a subcommittee. The latter tax, it was argued, would fall upon the individual.

Proprietors of moving picture theatres and small amusement places will profit by the action of the committee, which substituted for the flat tax of \$100 on all theatres proposed in the House bill a graduated tax of \$25 for theatres with a seating capacity of \$25 or less; \$50 for seating capacity up to \$500; \$75 up to \$1,000, and \$100 for seating capacity over 1,000.

REVENUE TO BE DERIVED ABOUT \$110,000,000

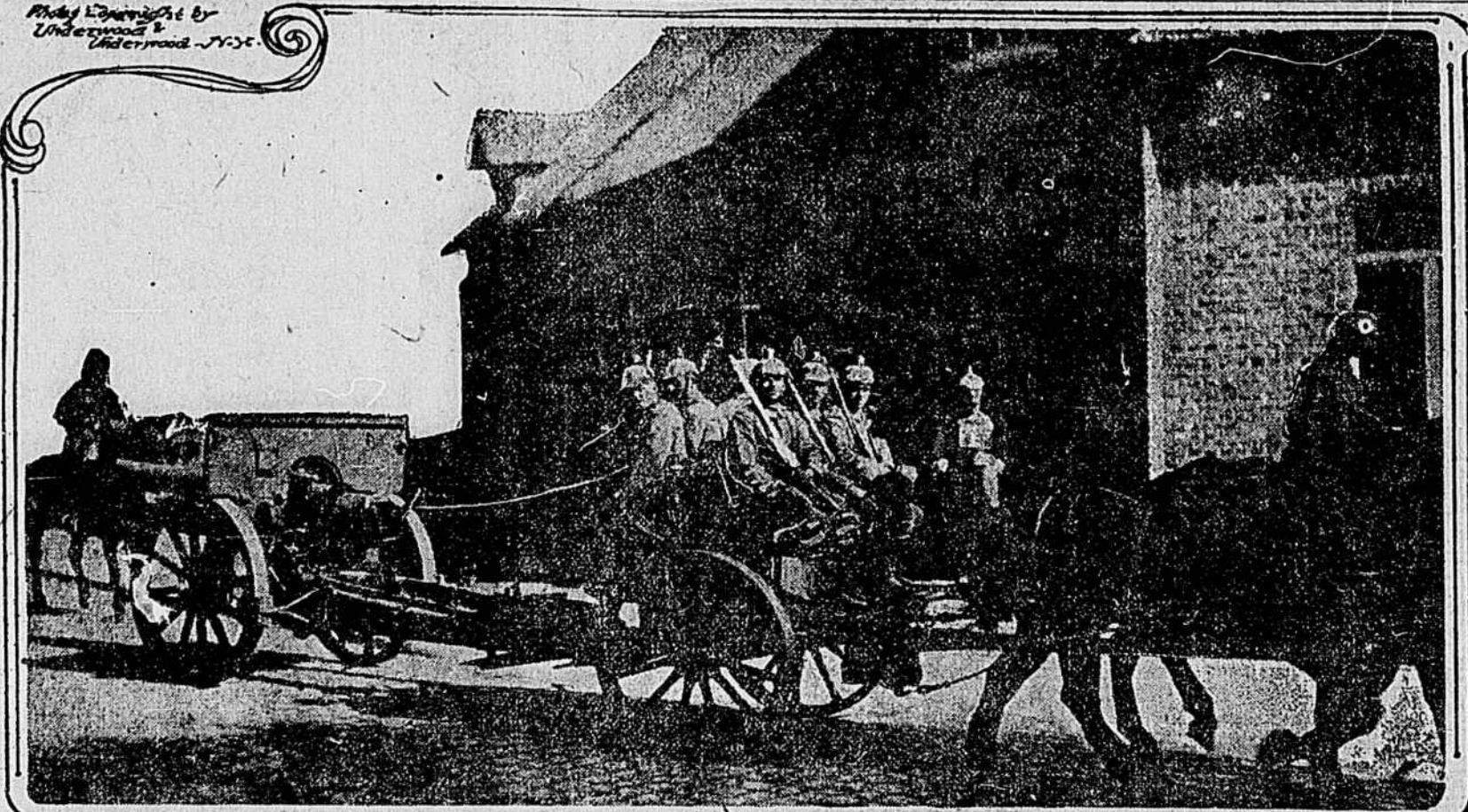
The committee did not quite conclude its consideration of the bill, but expects to finish Monday. The revenue to be derived from the measure, it is estimated, will be approximately \$110,000,000. Eliminating life insurance will mean a loss of approximately \$1,000,000, but this will more than be made up in the tax of 50 cents per horse-gallon; dry wines, 8 cents a gallon; gasoline, 1 cent a gallon. The House bill taxes on brokers are retained, with the addition of a 20 cent tax on commission merchants and an increased tax on pawnbrokers from \$20 to \$50 a year. The special tobacco taxes on dealers and manufacturers are retained, with (Continued on Fourth Page.)

BEST WAY TO BALTIMORE.

York River Line-Chesapeake Bay, \$2.50 one time of year. Delightful trip. Time of year.

IN COMMAND OF ARMY

The King of Bavaria is reported to be in command of the allied army operation in Silesia, with headquarters at (Continued on Fourth Page.)



The Ninth German Infantry resting by the wayside on the retreat from Paris

STUBBORN FIGHT BY GERMANS TO PROTECT FLANK

Little Town of Roye Still Centre of Battle of Great Violence.

ATTACKS OF INVADERS REPULSED BY ALLIES

May Be Many Days Before Either Side Attains Its Objective.

REINFORCEMENTS ON SCENE

Troops in Centre Get Respite While Wings Do Real Work.

Germans Continue Desperate Attacks

The determined efforts the Germans are making not only to hold their lines in the north of France, but to win back some of the territory the allied forces have succeeded in taking from them since the great battle of the Aisne began, are indicated in the official announcements from the French War Office.

In Belgium, however, the Germans have continued their series of desperate attacks on the French left wing, and in the centre of the crown prince's army, which includes the Sixteenth Corps, has attempted to advance through the wood of La Grurie. But in all of these endeavors, according to French accounts, the Germans have been repulsed; the crown prince's army even has been driven back toward the north a mile or two.

In Belgium, however, the Germans have been more successful, for the Belgian legation at London admits that on the east of the River Sene the Belgian forces defending Antwerp after the Germans had been repulsed, have been obliged to fall back to the River Nethe, so terrible has been the German artillery fire. But the declaration in itself does not indicate that the Belgians have been obliged to resist the attack on Antwerp to their utmost.

The latest official communication from Petrograd describes the battle of Augustovo in much detail, as developing into one of extreme violence, the Germans supplementing their artillery fire with furious counter-attacks. In an encounter between the first division of the German cavalry and Russian cavalry, the Germans are reported to have been routed with great loss, carrying their infantry along with them. The Russians have occupied Raygrod, Kalvary and Mariampol, in Poland.

The Russian Emperor, according to a dispatch from Petrograd, has left the capital for the front. The German Emperor is said to be at Thorn, West Prussia, close to the Russian frontier. Thus it would seem that the Russian advance in the eastern theatre of war during the past week or two have demanded the personal attention of the heads of the two countries.

LONDON, October 3 (9 P. M.).—Roye, the little town on the main road from Amiens to Noyon, the heights around which have been alternately occupied by the French and the Germans during the past week, is still the centre of a battle of great violence.

The Germans, who are fighting stubbornly to protect their flank at this point, have brought up reinforcements, but, according to the French official communication to-day, all their attacks have been repulsed.

The action, however, is still proceeding, and upon it much depends. If the Germans are beaten their line of communication at Tergnier will be seriously threatened.

Of other operations on this front, which extends as far north as Arras, nothing has been disclosed since the French themselves announced that their force debouching from Arras had fallen back slightly on the east and north.

There is evidence from other sources that the Germans are making preparations to protect their flank, should retirement become necessary. They have evacuated West Flanders, and their attack on Antwerp is believed by many to be designed to keep the Belgians busy and prevent them from operating on what would be General von Kluck's left, should he fall back through Belgium.

MAY BE MANY DAYS BEFORE OBJECTIVE IS ATTAINED

But the battle is not yet over, and it may be many days before either side gains its objective. Except for the forces absolutely needed elsewhere, the Germans are maintaining their strength in France, and besides fighting off the French efforts on their right, are themselves continuing on the offensive on the French right.

The army of the Crown Prince, which has been in the thick of the fighting since the Germans began their invasion of France, has made an attempt to slip through the wood of La Grurie, but the French report says, was thrown back to the north of the Varennes-Larazee-Vienne-la-Ville road. This road crosses the northern part of the Arras front, so that the French must have made a considerable advance in this region, and straightened out the line north of Verdun to the north of Rheims.

The attack of the Crown Prince's army doubtless is what the Germans referred to in their Friday report, that the troops advancing in the Argonne had gained ground in a southerly direction.

In the Woerwa district and on the heights of the Meuse the French claim

Guns of the German Imperial Guard

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MEXICO CITY, October 3.—General Venustiano Carranza placed his resignation as first chief of the Constitutionalists before delegates to the general conference of Southern chiefs shortly before 8 o'clock to-night.

From that time until a late hour to-night the question of whether the resignation should be accepted was fiercely debated, with no immediate prospect of a vote.

Orators opposed to the acceptance of General Carranza's withdrawal were repeatedly cheered by delegates and spectators. A motion was made that the first chief be informed that it would be impossible to accept his patriotic act of abnegation, but the hours passed without a vote being taken on the motion, owing to the turmoil in the chamber.

MEXICO CITY, October 3.—Shortly before midnight to-night delegates to the general conference of Southern chiefs rejected by an almost unanimous vote the resignation of General Venustiano Carranza as first chief of the Constitutionalists.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—Advices to the State Department to-day further assured administrative officials that a peaceful settlement of Mexico's latest difficulties would be reached at the Aguascalientes conference to convene October 6.

Consul General Hanna, at Monterey, reported "there appeared to be a better understanding between all Mexican officials than before." Consul Silliman, personal representative of President Wilson, telegraphed from Mexico City that the situation there was much improved. The conference of generals, now in session at the Mexican capital, he said, would adjourn, to hold open court with representatives of General Carranza at Aguascalientes beginning October 5. The authorities in Mexico City were said to be hopeful that an agreement would be reached between the Carranza-Villa factions at Aguascalientes which would assure the re-establishment of friendly relations between the two leaders.

The State Department is in receipt of official advices from Mexico's latest difficulties, that notwithstanding published reports to the contrary, good order prevails in Saltillo, as well as in Monterey and vicinity. Through trains are reported to be running from Laredo to Mexico City, as well as to Tampico and points south.

Admiral Howard, commanding the naval vessels in Mexican Pacific waters, reported that the commandant at Mazatlan had been ordered by the Constitutional government to take possession of the bank at Mazatlan. Assurances were received from Mexico City, he said, that no properties of civilians would be interfered with.

The Naval Department was informed that the battleship Delaware had sailed from Vera Cruz for Tuxpan to relieve the North Dakota. The North Dakota would proceed to Vera Cruz, where the Twenty-fourth company of marines will be embarked for transfer to the naval station at Guantamano. The battleship will continue north from Guantamano to Hampton Roads for target practice and routine maneuvers.

The convention at Mexico City, according to reports received here to-day, yesterday elected Governor Gutierrez of San Luis Potosi, president of the convention and General Murguia of Coahuila, vice-president. General Obregon was chosen for president-general. General Carranza did not appear, but was represented by proxy, the dispatches said.

The Constitutional agency here announced to-night that Fernando Iglesias Calderon, General Villa's choice for provisional president, would not accept (Continued on Fourth Page.)

RUSSIAN CZAR LEAVES FOR THEATRE OF WAR

Emperor Nicholas, Following Imperial Example of Kaiser, Goes to Front.

GERMAN FRONTIER CROSSED

Entry of Cossacks Comes as Result of Rout of Enemy Who Had Been Engaged in Bombardment of Augustovo.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]

LONDON, October 3.—Emperor Nicholas, following the imperial example of the Kaiser, has left for the front, according to a Petrograd announcement to-day, to lead his vast array of troops against Germany and Austria, and to inspire his fighting forces with new courage by his personal presence.

This announcement followed shortly after the receipt of an official statement from Petrograd that the German frontier had been crossed by the Russians at Schitachn and at Gernemo.

The entry of the Russian troops into German territory came as a result of the rout of the enemy, who had been engaged in the bombardment of Augustovo. The Russians advanced in completely clearing the neighborhood of the enemy, after severe fighting on the German positions along the west frontier.

According to a dispatch from Petrograd, by way of Rome, Kaiser William had a narrow escape from being made captive while visiting the German positions along the Russian frontier.

The Germans are being forced to evacuate Russian territory, according to this dispatch. It adds that whole regiments of Germans have been drowned in the Niemen River, and that many of their heavy guns have been lost.

The terrific battle is still raging near Mariampol, with no indication of a decisive result. In a succession of night attacks and counter-attacks Symmo has been captured by the Russians, and the enemy is in retreat from Nupun and Suwalki.

Obstinate fighting still continues in the Suwalki district, and German reinforcements rushed forward by rail have permitted the enemy's line, extending from Augustovo to Suwalki, to halt its retreat and resume the offensive.

A part of a train of provisions and automobiles from Oswowetz has been captured by the Russians, and an attack by the enemy at Malawa has been repulsed.

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